



Sardinia is the second largest island in the Mediterranean sea after Sicily.

Sardinia's is one of the most beautiful and unspoilt seas in the Mediterranean, The inland is equally unspoilt and is unexpectedly vast and fascinating. The low density of population caused, over the centuries, the preservation of large inhabited areas where you can easily find only shepherds who spend most of the year there.

The island's highest points are the mountain chain of Gennargentu, which is only one of the many mounts enlivening the whole landscape. There are indeed two plains: the Campidano on the southern part of the Island and the Nurra on the Northern part.





thousands of red pinnacles that emerge from the sea: an endless number of picturesque nooks that form a world apart in the Mediterranean basin. The Sardinian climate is a typically Mediterranean one with mild winters and warm summers. Summer from May to September, with many summery days in April and October, above all in the south. Therefore, the Sardinian climate looks as if it were made for the purpose of tourism, with very little risk of unexpected rains.

The coastline of Sardinia offers a variety that cannot be compared with other Italian regions, with its outstretched majestic rams, wide white beaches, intimate coves, sheer cliffs where deep picturesque caves often appear and the

